Synthetic carpets are quite fragile, & they can be sometimes irretrievably damaged in certain parts, whether it be due to daily wear, burns, or indelible stains. No metter how the damage is caused, with a little bit of care it is possible to repair it in a way that the end result will be almost invisible.

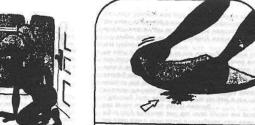
This repair can be done in different ways, according to the composition of the carpets a the manner in which it is affixed to the floor. There was not a state of the carpet and the control of the carpet and the control of the carpet and the carpet of carpet; and the carpet of the c

WHAT YOU WILL NEED	
TOOLS	ACCESSORIES
*A sharp blade (universal knife or razor blade) *Hawmer *Paint brush	*A flat ruler *Some nails *A piece of replace- ment carpet & some special carpet glue

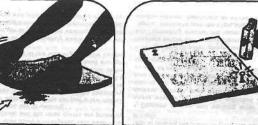
"wherever you lay a new carpet in your home, be sure to put an extra piece aside for any repairs that you might have to do later.

"If your carpet is stained, treat it immediately with a special product for carpets which you should always keep on hand in case of such accidents. If the stain will not come out, & is particularly ugly, you can then repair it in the above manner.

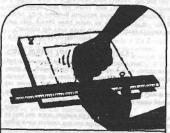
"If the stain is quite visible & you are not able to find a corresponding replacement piece, cut a piece out of the existing carpet from an area that is not as noticeable (i.e. under a piece of furniture). Use this as the replacement piece for the stained part & replace it with a piece of carpet that is as close as possible in texture & colour.



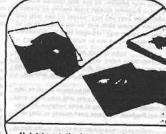
I get a piece of new carpet with which
 I cover the damaged part.



2) To keep this in place I affix it with a few nails.



I trace a square or rectangle around the damaged part & cut the two thicknesses at the same time.



I take out the damaged part & clean the exposed floor carefully.



5) I glue the exposed floor with carpet glue.



i position the new piece & push hard, smoothing over the edges with my finger.

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## ELECTRICAL BLACKOUT!

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF

-- Translated from the original by James Penn.

An electrical blackout can be general or local, a can affect a part of, or the totality of your electrical installation. Apart from regional blackouts which deprive a whole town or part of blackouts which deprive a whole town or part of blackouts can have the fundamental causes: "A "short-circuit" caused by defective wiring or a defective appliance.
"An over loading of the circuit due to the simultaneous use of too many electrical appliances (washing machines, electrical radiators, kitchen appliances set.).
In these two cases the electrical viring 5 installation are submitted to an excessive deem for current, which must the risk of damaging for current, which must the risk of damaging for each of the causing a fire. This is why your installation is necessarily equipped with a "circuit-breaker", which only allow certain amount of power to pass through. If the maximum limit is exceeded, it activates a automatically cuts off all the current.
Thus, in cassed the overloading, a find the exceeded it activates a automatically cuts off all the current. Thus, in cassed the overloading, a find the time of the control the secondary circuit-breaker and the which is the circuit-breaker for the entire electrical installation (i.e. the whole house). Usually it is situated near the electrical counter. In case of any amomally it activates a cuts the current off to all the secondary circuit-breakers or fuses which control the secondary lines of your electrical installation. These can all be grouped near the main circuit breaker or spread out in different parts of the house.

3) Certain electrical appliances have built-in circuit-breaker surfath are always easy to get at the hard.

| 1 Look outside to see if the neighbours are also without electricity. If so, I light some candles & wait for it to be re-established. Usually these regional blackouts do not last a long time. (1) | 2) If it is not a regional blackout, & the whole house is without electricity, the breaker

STEPS TO FOLLOW

1) Synthetic carpet is either glued to the floor or simply laid. In either case the method of repair is the same. Find a piece of carpet that is identical in every way with the existing carpet & cut out a piece a little larger than the damaged part & position the new piece over the damaged part.

2) Position the new piece over the damaged part & hold it in place with four nails gently nailed into the floor. If you have a cement floor, was steel tipped cement nails.

3) Mith a sharp blade guided by a ruler, cut a square, framing the damaged part. Cut the two layers of carpet at the same time as this will guerantee that the new piece will be the exact size of the hole left by the removal of the damaged piece.

4) Pull out the nails & the damaged piece of carpet. If the old piece has been glued down, some paint thinner or alcohol will unglue it. Then scrape off any traces of this glue from the floor & carefully clean it with a dry paintbrush. S) Then glue down the replacement piece with some lates or universal glue. If the rest of the curpet is not glued down, but simply "laid" on the corpet is not glued down, but simply "laid" on the corpet is not glued down, but simply "laid" on the men in carpet just covering the hole.

6) Piece men in carpet just covering the hole.

6) The men men in carpet just covering the hole.

6) The the new piece in the hole is hit the edges with holor. Once it is dry, smooth over the edges with your fingers to hide any borders that are still visible.



switch has activated & the current is cut off at the counter.

Someone must have plugged in a faulty appliance—unless too many appliances have been plugged in at the same time—provoking an overloading of the circuit. Unplug the guilty appliance before putting the breaker switch back to normal (this is usually right beside the electrical counter).

3) One part of the house is without electricity. The causes are the same but have only affected a secondary circuit controlled by a fuse. Unplug the appliance & replace the fuse.

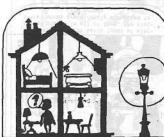
4) Only the appliance doesn't work, The problem in this case is not usually in the installation, but rather due to a defect in the connection or the state of the appliance. Unplug it a repair it.

5) The electrical counter is usually easy to get at; it is generally situated near the front door of a house & sometimes on the landing in apartment buildings.

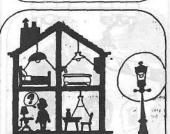
The main breaker switch is usually just below the main breaker switch is usually just below the control of the same of the things of the positions. On and OFF are distinguished by colours or by letters.

"Issuelly GREM is ON and "RED is OFF.

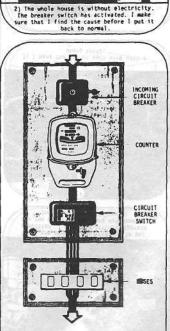
Sometimes the fuses (secondary circuit breakers) are grouped on a panel below the counter.



One part of the house is without elec-tricity. A fuse has blown. I find the cause before I replace it.



The plugged-in appliance does not work. A problem with the outlet or with the appli-ance. I try it on another electrical outlet.



5) The main breaker switch is placed under the electrical counter. I put it back to normal by pushing on the green button or in placing the handle back to the normal position.

## RECOMMENDATIONS:

\*\*Refore re-establishing the current, be sure to unplug all the faulty appliances that caused the blackout. Also unplug any heavy appliances, such as refrigerator, as it is best not to have too much strain on the electrical system when it comes on again. This is also good to do if there is a regional strain on the electrical system when it comes on again. This is also good to do if there is a regional strain on the electrical system when it comes on again.

blactout. Also united as states when it comes on again. This is also good to do it there is a regional strain on the electrical system when it comes on again. This is also good to do it there is a regional blackout.

If you have problems with the circuit overloading, be sure to warn others before using such high watt appliances as hair dryers, irons, toasters, etc., especially at night. Also turn off any other electrical appliances to compensate for the power that you will be using.

\*Keep candles, matches & a few flashlights all around the house where they can easily be found, so that they can be got at immediately in case of a blackout. (Dad has us keep flashlights on the floor by the door of the room.)

\*To avoid having to make lengthy investigations when your breaker switch goes off, determine in advance exactly which parts of the house are controlled by which fuses, so that in case of a partial blackout you will be able to localise the problem quickly by determining which fuse blew. A good tip is to label the fuses with which rooms it controls.

\*Rever touch the incoming circuit breaker or the electrical counter which are usually the property of the electrical company. In some cases these are sealed shut by the authorities to prevent any tampering. (Most countries have local emergency numbers manned day fight to whom you can phone report your problem, if you believe that the problem comes from the interior of these boxes. Be sure to explain how dangerous it is, so that they will come quickly. We have literally had to wait days sometimes:)

The neighbours are also without elec-tricity. A regional blackout. I await the re-establishing of the current.