## **Worms: Prevention & Cure!**

Research on the subject by Sara Davidito!

(In response to 3 specific requests from parents on the field, here's some research I did on parasites & worms.—

"THE MOTHER'S MEDI-CAL ENCYCLOPEDIA" by Virginia Pomeranz M.D. & Dot ty Schultz; a Signet paperback, WORMS ARE PARASITES

that can afflict both animals & It is true that the spreading of worms among children can be prevented to an extent by good personal hygiene such as hand washing. . . Do not buy or use over-the-counter vermifuges, anti-worm preparations.

fuges, anti-worm preparations. Some of the latter are very dar gerous. (Pray & see doctor!)
THERE ARE 4 MAJOR
TYPES OF WORMS found in the U.S. In rough order of prevalence they are: pinworms (also sometimes called threadworms): round worms; hook worms; & tape worms. The last 3 afflict & can be spread by dogs & cats as well as humans. (& unclean meats!)
PINWORMS are quite common in temperate climates & a

in temperate climates & a child can pick up the microchild can pick up the micro-scopic eggs literally almost any-where. Once on the hand, the eggs find their way to the in-testinal tract very easily. Little children put their hands in in the lower intestines, grow in-to thread-like worms about 1/3 to ½ inch in length & are fruit-ful & multiply. The females then crawl out thru' the rectum usually at night, to lay their eggs around the anus, & itching in this area is usually the first may be the only symptom, hey may wander to the vag-a of a girl which causes itching there too, or even onto pe-jamas, underwear or bed cloth-

rist discovers the worms, even before the child has complained of any discomfort. If the child scratches, there is risk of infection. The only other symptom, if there is one, may be a mild unset stomach. Pin be a mild upset stomach. worms can be banished by antiworm medicines given by mouth. If diagnosed in the child, all members of the fam-ily should be examined &

treated if necessary.
ROUNDWORMS: The 2nd most common kind of worms are a good deal larger than p worms, anywhere from 6 to 15 inches. Roundworm eggs are found in soils. The eggs find their way to the human intestinal tract via unclean food grown in contaminated soils or like the eggs of nigworms by like the eggs of pinworms, by way of little hands put into the mouth. Roundworms normally make their home in the small intestines. There may be no specific symptoms, tho' of course the eggs can be found by stool analysis. The larva can slip into the bloodstream be carried to the respiratory tract into the lungs where they can cause pneumonia. Various medications given orally can get rid of the worms.

get rid of the worms.

HOOKWORMS: Like roundworms, the eggs of hookworms
are found in soil contaminated
by sewage, but in this case, a
particular type of soil: warm,
sandy & moist. Hookworms
are found predominantly in the are found predominantly in the S.E. U.S. Once in the soil, the eggs hatch there in about a The minute larvae can get day. The minute larvae can get into the body via contaminated food or water or thru' the skin, such as by going barefoot in such soil, even if the skin is un-broken. Itching & inflamma-

es where the mother sometimes tion at the sight of injury may first discovers the worms, even before the child has complained of any discomfort. If the ed of any discomfort. If the ed of the intestines. They ride the historican as far at the historican as far at the the bloodstream as far as the lungs where they cause a pneumonia-like inflammation that is accompanied by cough ing. Then when coughed up into the throat, a number of there in the throat, a number of them manage to be swallowed, & they are on their way to their destination. In any quan-tity at all, hookworms can pro-duce a definite anemia. Commonly symptoms include fatigue, weakness, dullness & dry-ness of hair & skin & a feeling of hunger. This kind of anem is is never fatal, but it can be completely debilitating. Hool worm infestation can be diag-

nosed by analysis of the stool

nosed by analysis of the stool containing the worms' eggs. Treatment may include medications to combat lung inflammation or anemia as well as drugs to banish the worms themselves. (& don't eat pig!)

TAPE WORMS: Long flat
worms like tape measures, years TAPE WORMS: Long flat worms like tape measures, very long in length. They are acquired by ingestion of the flesh of unclean animals or fish that have been infested, like pig, often by feeding on contaminated material, or a feces-contaminated food or water. Symptoms typically include weight loss, anemia & weakness. There may also be rilarrhoea or sometimes constipation &/or a large appetite or sometimes a loss of appetite. The condition may be quickly diagnosed by analysis of the stool which will contain eggs &/or segments of the tain eggs &/or segments of the worms. As with other worms there are a number of effective medications that the doctor can prescribe. Note: The worms

settle in the intestine. Like

hookworms, they are equipped with attachment devises & are

"BETTER HOMES & GARQ-ENS BABY BOOK", a Bantam paperback, now out of print: PINWORMS: Anus to finger to mouth infection common. They appear 3 to 6 weeks after ingestion of eggs. Treatment with drugs is more than 90% ef-fective. Recurrences are fre-quent.

ROUNDWORMS: The larva migrate from the intestinal tract to other parts of the body

"BABIES & YOUNG CHIL-DREN" by Ronald & Cynthia Ellingworth; a Churchhill Liv-ingstone paperback:

THREADWORMS: Sympton commonly blamed on thread-worm infections include poor appetite, excessive appetite, di-eating, nose picking & pain in the abdomen. There is no justification for ascribing any of these symptoms to threadworm The only symptom which they sometimes cause is itching aevenings. because the evenings. because the worms, which only measure an everage of 1/8 inch long, emerge howel at that time, howel at that time, m the bowel at that time, their eggs & then die. Earm lays about 10,000 eggs. They adhere to the skin & clothes & eventually get into the dust of the room where they dust of the room where they survive for long periods. The reason why the infection would die out if handwashing was adequate lies in the fact that the worms do not multiply in the bowel. They only multiply by passing eggs inside the bowel, & the child can only continue to have threadworms if he constantly reinfects himself by taking eggs into the mouth. It has been shown that eggs are found in large numbers in the to have threadworms if he constantly reinfects himself by taking eggs into the mouth. It is least to your doctor in a botstantly reinfects himself by taking eggs into the mouth. It is least to you will ever find hookworms in the child's motion. (Don't eat unclean meat!)

"THE WELL BODY BOOK" area of rough skin. The outer could easily occur. If one child by Mike Samuels, M.D. & How-ledge is fairly well defined & the

has threadworms, it's almost certain that other members of the family will also have them. Treatment consists of vipryn-

Treatment consists of viprynium or piperazine. Viprynium colors the stools red. Enema should not be administered.

"WHATTO DO TILL THE DOCTOR COMES" by Dr. Ian Hudson & Gordon Thomas; a May flower paperback, May-flower Books Ltd., Park Street, St. Albans, Herts, England.

THREADWORMS are the mmonest variety of worm: ommonest variety of worm: ound in children, at least in Great Britain. They look rath er like threads of white coter like threads of white cotton & may be moving in slow
wriggling waves. As well as
giving the required medicine
to your child, it is also necessary to try & prevent reinfection. Boys usually wear pajames which may help to prevent the fingers from becoming contaminated with eggs when they scratch. Girls who normally wear night dresses should wear a clean pair of panties at night to prevent fingers from scratching. The child must also be encouraged to wash his hands very care-fully before eating food & his fingernails should be kept cut short & always clean. Regula inspection of the child's BMs will enable you to determine whether treatment has been successful or not.

ROUNDWORMS do not pro-

duce any symptoms other than the first suspicion that the child the first suspicion that the chile is infested when a worm is passed in the motion (BM). They look very much like earthworms. If you do find one in your child's motion, save it & take it to your doctor in a bottle for identification. It is unlikely that you will ever find hookworms in the child's motion. (Don't eat unclean meat!)

ell Benett; Wildwood House

Ltd., 1 Wardour Street, London W1V-3HE, England:
PINWORMS: They can be spread to other people by the anal/oral route. If a person goes to the bathroom, wipes himself & then doesn't wash his hands he can spread the his hands, he can spread the eggs. Also, if a person handles clothing containing the eggs & does not wash, he can become infected. The eggs are resistant to household disinfectants & can remain active in dust for considerable time. It is not a dangerous disease, but the in-fection is annoying & for that reason it is valuable to treat it. The house, especially the bath-room, must be cleaned thor-oughly to make sure that the eggs don't reinfect people. Un-derwar & sheets should be laundered in very hot water. People should wash their hands going to the bathroom & should carefully wash the anal area when they bathe. Pinworms can be <u>prevented</u> by <u>cleanliness</u> & by avoiding exp sure to people who have then

"YOUR CHILD'S HEALTH" by Mary Manning, SRN; a Pan Book of the Child Development series:
THREADWORMS: Most chil

at some time. The worms may be seen as very fine white threads in the motions (BM) or the only symptom may be itching in the area of the back passage. As the infection is passed from one child to another thru' contact, it is important that the child should always r member to wash his hands be-fore touching food.

hair has boken off close to the scalp. Doctors use special tests to confirm the diagnosis & there is a specific treatment which they use for ringworm. It is an infection caused by a aus & is contagious.

"HERBAL ENCYCLOPED-IA" by Donald Law:

CHEW UP A CLOVE OF GARLIC & insert another in rectum, or thyme eaten raw

with a drink of pure lemon juice 3 times a day.

(Sara: Pray for protection & keep clean! Children should learn to wash hands before e ery meal with soap & water! & after BMs & dirty play. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure!")

(DAD: Children should wear jeans or shorts over their panties & shouldn't sit on the ground

at all-in dry or damp climates, but especially damp. Even I had them once when I was a lit-tle kid living in hot Miami, Florida. Faith had them too once. One thing that really encourages them is too much sweets. The worms feed on the

Are you eating your Greens

From Shushen Eduth; U.S. From Shussen Edutr; U.S.A.
RAW GREEN VEGETABLES
ARE MORE IMPORTANT
THAN WE THINK. How many
of us realize that it's good to
eat raw vegetables, such as salads, after meals? God's beautiful green plants, full of lifebuilding chipropolyul, are

building chlorophyll, are A PERFECT TOOTH CLEAN ER & PREVENTATIVE OF EN & PREVENTATIVE OF TOOTH DECAY. Why? In the presence of decay-producing bat teris, which may thrive in the al-most sirless region between dental plaque & tooth enamel, chlorophyll (found in gree leaves) acts like a savege dispos-al system. It destroys the bad bacteria by exposing it to large amounts of oxygen, found in green leaves, thereby preventing

its growth.
CHLOROPHYLL, THE GREEN AGENT IN PLANT LEAVES, IS A KNOWN HEAL-ING AGENT. Eating green vegetables raw is just one way to etables raw is just one way to take advantage of its many bene-fits, such as preventing tooth de-cay. It also increases our resist-ance to infections, aids our heal-ing process, & is a known anti-

cancer agent.

DO WE EAT ENOUGH OF
THESE GREEN VEGETABLES, h as leafy lettuce, brussel

sprouts, broccoli & spinach? The World Health Organization doesn't think so, & from what see on Family tables we could all use more of the green stuff

PROVISIONING THESE HEALTH-BUILDING VEGE-TABLES IS EASY, & we were recently blessed with a load of greens from a neighbouring Home. So this provisioning can be shared. PTLI

I'VE SEEN A LOT OF BRETI REN ASK FOR DENTAL AS-NEM ASK FOR DENTAL AS-SISTANCE in this area & after finding out their eating habits, I wasn't surprised. I've learned for myself, thru' God's mercles, that preventative measures pay off in better health. Eating plen off in better health. Eating by of raw fruits & vegetables i one sure way to take advante of God's good green medicine—Shushan (Mother, Registered Nurse, B.S. in blo-chemistry & a life-long interest in nutrition & natural healing.)

> Beware of styrafoam cups!

From Shushan Eduth; U.S.A. POLYSTYRENE CUPS, BET-TER KNOWN AS STYRA-FOAM CUPS, are being used more & more today. We had been noticing that when we drank hot drinks out of them, there was a noticeable disturb-ing flavor to whatever we were

sweets in your system & can enter anus thru' sitting on the dirty ground. Keep clean!)

drinking. We suspected that the tiny bead-like particles of the cups were breaking up & dissolving into our drink. Therefore, we decided not to drink out of styrafoam cups anymoral styrafoam cups anymore! (Many of our Homes were using them when entertaining companv-Family & friends.)

OUR SUSPICIONS WERE CONFIRMED when we read the "New England Journal of Medicine" of Nov. 1, 1979, a report raising the question of report raising the question of whether or not hot coffee or tea & carbonated beverages were doing just that—"penetrating the tiny beads & pitting the linside surface of the cup".

THE REPORT SUGGESTED THAT THERE IS A HAZARD created from this situation &

created from this situation & that it is not good for you, ever that it is not good for you, even the' the toxicity of this styra-feam material is unknown & be-ing researched. They do know that the situation is aggravated when lemon is added to a drink & that in this case we might be ingesting plastic! Therefore, they suggest sticking to the use of household china.

> Beer is bad for you!

From DAD: BEER IS BAD FOR YOUR TEETH & STOMACH in every way, just like other carbonated drinks!

## Moses Left **Behind** Egypt!

by Grandmother (MO's Mom!)

YOU'VE OFTEN HEARD THE EXPRES-HEARD THE EXPRES-SION, "the cold grey of the morning after", & that's the way it is for some this morning, the morning after election day. I'm sure there are many like myself who are glad this stormy bat-the is were her there are

are glad this storing batter is over, but there are many also who are disappointed today. Your choice for President didn't win. But others are delighted because they worked hard & the man of their choice won.

cnoice won.

DURING THE LAST FEW
WEEKS, I couldn't help but notice the motives behind choosing of candidates. With some it was a selfish motive, with others it was a well-informed conviction that his choice was the man best qualifed for such a high place.

high place. SUCH A CHOICE SHOULD HAVE BEEN MADE only after HAVE BEEN MADE only after one was thoroughly informed about all the issues involved & then deliberately & seriously thinking it over & pray as some have done.—Then to have voted.

YOU KNOW, CHOICE AT
SOME CRITICAL POINT in life
is always a serious thing. A
young man called me this week
for an appointment. He wanted prayer & counselling about mar-riage. He was torn by conflictinage. He was torn by conflict-ing motives. He loved her intense by but she was not a Christian. He is a Christian & he felt that



his decision would determine his future happiness & usefulr THE POISED SCALE TOT-

TERED between human love 8 love of God. The last he heard was that she would never be a Christian, & so the scale turned Christian, & so the scale turned to the side of duty to God, & he made his choice. He took God alone. But you know, it's sweet that at the last love did speak out these words: He told her,

out these words: He told her,
"I'll go on to my mission field alone but I will always wait &
pray, knowing God can change
your heart."
ANOTHER YOUNG MAN
LONG AGO, & you'll read about
it in God's Word, came against
an even greater choice. He's one
of the greatest characters. I comof the greatest characters, I con-sider, in all history. The young man was Moses. You know, Sol

11th Chapter of Hebrews, where his name is enrolled among the heroes of faith in God's honour

"BY FAITH MOSES WHEN HE WAS COME TO YEARS re-fused to be called the son of Pharoah's daughter, choosing ra-ther to suffer affliction with the people of God than to enjoy the pleasures of sin for a season; espleasures of sin for a season, es-teeming the reproach of Christ greater riches than the treasures of Egypt, for he had respect unto the recompense of the reward." MOSES, AS A BABE, had been

MOSES, AS A PABELLINE of A MARCH MAR

sider, in all history. The young man was Moses. You know, Solomon was known for his great wisdom, Isaiah for his vision, David for his Psalms, Peter for his zeal, but MOSES WAS GREAT BE-CAUSE OF THE CHOICE THAT CAUSE OF THE CHOICE THAT HE MADE. It was such a mighty decision! We read it here in the